# Adolescent Literacy Resource Menu: A Guide for Instructional Leaders

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# Adolescent Literacy Resource Menu: A Guide for Instructional Leaders

To build a schoolwide adolescent literacy model, teachers should implement evidence-based literacy practices across content areas and in supplemental intervention settings (Wanzek et al., 2013; Wexler, Swanson, Vaughn, Shelton, & Kurz, in press). However, due to a variety of factors, teachers often struggle to effectively integrate literacy practices into their instruction. To support teachers as they experience common implementation challenges, many schools rely on instructional leaders (i.e., coaches). To effectively and efficiently support teachers, instructional leaders need access to high-quality resources that can be shared with teachers to target their specific implementation challenges.

# **How This Document Can Help**

This guide is organized by commonly experienced challenges (e.g., lack of modeling) to teachers implementing evidence-based adolescent literacy practices with fidelity. Also provided are an explanation of each challenge and resources from established organizations and research centers that instructional leaders can use to address these challenges.

Some of these resources are brief documents that a teacher can quickly scan; others are lengthier and may require more time to read and make sense of. Many of the resources are free (e.g., online resources), and some have an associated cost (e.g., books). This guide provides an estimate of the cost and time associated with each resource by using the following key.

**Cost** Time

• Brief (less than an hour)

① Less than \$25
Moderate (1-2 hours)

# **How to Use This Document**

Locate a teacher's specific challenge. Choose a corresponding resource. Determine whether to use the resource to support the teacher or to have the teacher use the resource independently. Use the resource collaboratively with the teacher or provide it to the teacher to use independently.

# **Behavior Management**

Behavior management is a common struggle for teachers (Hulac & Briesch, 2017). Students with challenging behaviors are less likely to focus on instruction, which can lead to poor achievement. Therefore, effective behavior management is essential for learning.

### **Online Modules**

Behavior Strategies to Support Intensifying Interventions

Classroom Management (Part 1): Learning the Components of a Comprehensive Behavior Management Plan

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/beh1 • 0 M

Classroom Management: Teachers Modules

www.apa.org/education/k12/modules-classroom-management • 0 🛭

Functional Behavioral Assessment: Identifying the Reasons for Problem Behavior and Developing a Behavior Plan

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/fba • 0 🐠

### **Online Resources**

Behavior (resource collection):

https://buildingrti.utexas.org/resource-categories/behavior ullet oxdot oxdot

Behavior Management (brochure)

 $http://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/IRIS-Behavior-Brochure-DL-100513.pdf \bullet \\ \textbf{0} \textbf{ B}$ 

Behavior Modification in the Classroom www.ldonline.org/article/6030 • 0 B

Behavior-Specific Praise

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/wp-content/uploads/misc\_media/fss/pdfs/2018/fss\_behaviro\_specific\_praise.pdf  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

Classroom Management (resource collection)

www.ldonline.org/article/Behavior\_Modification\_in\_the\_Classroom ullet oxdot

Classroom and Teacher Influences on Behavior

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/beh1/cresource/q1/p03 • 0 B

Function-Based Intervention Strategies

http://ceedar.education.ufl.edu/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/Handout-16-Function-Based-Intervention-Strategies.pdf  $\bullet$   $\odot$   $\bullet$ 

Preventing and Addressing Problem Behaviors: Tips From the What Works Clearinghouse <a href="https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/addressingbehaviorproblems1">https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/addressingbehaviorproblems1</a> • **0 B** 

Teacher Behavioral Strategies: A Menu

www.interventioncentral.org/behavioral-interventions/challenging-students/teacher-behavioral-strategies-menu  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

### **Videos**

How to Manage Behavior in the Classroom: Praise <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ud4y-V9QBzU">www.youtube.com/watch?v=ud4y-V9QBzU</a> • **0 B** 

I Want to Get Better at ... Classroom Management www.teachingchannel.com/blog/classroom-management • ① B

New Teacher Survival Guide: Classroom Management https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/new-teacher-classroom-management • ① B

### **Print Resources**

Hulac, D., & Briesch, A. (2017). Evidence-based strategies for effective classroom management. New York: NY: Guilford Press. • 2 🗈

Lee, D., & Axelrod, S. (2005). Behavior modification: Basic principles. Austin, TX: PRO-ED. • 2 😉

Vaughn, S., & Bos, C. (2012). Strategies for teaching students with learning and behavior problems. New York, NY: Pearson. • 2 🗈

# Special Topic: Antecedent, Behavior, Consequence (A-B-C) Resources

A-B-C Chart (video)

www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q0E5GUfSpVM • **0 B** 

Behavior Strategies to Support Intensifying Interventions

 $https://intensive intervention.org/intervention-resources/behavior-strategies-support-intensifying-interventions \bullet \ \textbf{0} \ \textbf{B}$ 

Observing Behavior Using A-B-C Data

www.iidc.indiana.edu/irca/articles/observing-behavior-using-a-b-c-data.html • **0 B** 

# **Classroom Discussion**

Effective teacher-led discussions enhance students' understanding (Vaughn et al., 2013). Classroom discussions are common across the content areas. Leading a class discussion can be challenging for a variety of reasons, including when students are not actively engaged or are reluctant to speak in a group (Fisher, Frey, & Rothenberg, 2008).

### **Online Resources**

**Effective Classroom Discussions** 

www.ascd.org/publications/educational-leadership/feb10/vol67/num05/Effective-Classroom-Discussions.aspx  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

Extended Discussion of Text Meaning and Interpretation <a href="https://www.adlit.org/article/27741">www.adlit.org/article/27741</a> • **0 B** 

Listen-Read-Discuss

www.adlit.org/strategies/19781 • 0 B

Reciprocal Teaching

www.adlit.org/strategies/19765 • **0 B** 

Seed Discussion

www.adlit.org/strategies/22737 • **0 B** 

Teaching With Discussions

 $https://teachingcenter.wustl.edu/resources/teaching-methods/discussions/teaching-with-discussions ullet \end{tabular}$ 

### **Podcasts**

Establishing Expectations for Open Dialogue www.meadowscenter.org/files/pact/Podcast 1-Norms and Expectations.MC1.mp3 • 0 B

### **Videos**

**Encouraging Student Debate** 

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/encourage-student-debate-getty • **0 B** 

Facilitating Academic Discourse

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/how-discussion-enhances-learning • **0 B** 

Putting the Common Core Into Practice: Facilitating Student-Led Discussions www.gpb.org/education/common-core/facilitating-student-led  $\bullet$   $\bigcirc$   $\bigcirc$ 

### **Print Resources**

Fisher, D., Frey, N., & Rothenberg, C. (2008). Content-area conversations. Alexandria, VA: ASCD. • 10

Walsh, J., & Sattes, B. (2015). Questioning for classroom discussion: Purposeful speaking, engaged listening, deep thinking. Alexandria, VA: ASCD. • 1 🕒

# **Teacher-Generated Questions**

Teachers can use questioning to facilitate discussions. Teachers can also use students' answers to informally assess comprehension. Teachers may ask students to answer questions during and after reading to scaffold their understanding. When planning instruction, teachers should develop stimulating questions to engage students in discourse and follow-up questions to provide continuity and extend the discussion (Kamil et al., 2008). Developing a range of questions—from those with answers explicitly stated in a text to those that require students to make inferences—can be a challenging task for teachers (Tankersley, 2005).

### **Online Module**

Answering Questions (section of larger module)

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/sec-rdng/cresource/q3/p12/#content • ① B

### **Online Resources**

Improving Adolescent Literacy: Effective Classroom and Intervention Practices (see pages 22–25, 45–50)

https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/Docs/PracticeGuide/adlit\_pg\_082608.pdf • @ M

Revised Bloom's Taxonomy: Question Starters

https://education.illinoisstate.edu/downloads/casei/5-02-Revised%20Blooms.pdf • 0 B

### **Videos**

The Art of Questioning: Content, Meaning, and Style <a href="https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/structuring-questioning-in-classroom">https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/structuring-questioning-in-classroom</a> • **0 B** 

Checking in With Questions

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/checking-in-with-questions ullet oxdot oxdot

Inquiry-Based Teaching: Asking Effective Questions

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/questions-for-inquiry-based-teaching ullet oxdot oxdot

Structure Learning With Essential Questions

 $https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/structure-learning-essential-questions ullet \end{tabular}$ 

TALA Videos: Generating Questions (Comprehension)

 $www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/tala-videos-generating-questions-comprehension \bullet \textbf{ 0} \textbf{ B}$ 

Teacher Uses Questioning Techniques to Engage Students

www.engageny.org/resource/teacher-uses-questioning-techniques-engage-students-example-15  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

Writing Higher-Order Questions

 $\textbf{https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/developing-better-questions} \bullet \textbf{ 0} \textbf{ B}$ 

# **Student-Generated Questions**

Teaching students to generate their own questions about a text can enhance comprehension (Klingner & Vaughn, 1998). However, this strategy is not as easy as it might seem, and teachers may struggle.

### **Online Resources**

Generating Leveled Questions (toolkit)

https://greatmiddleschools.org/generating-questions • 0 W

Generating Questions (section of larger module)

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/sec-rdng/cresource/q3/p13 • 0 B

Wrap-Up Strategy

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/csr/cresource/q2/p08 • 0 B

### **Videos**

Generating Leveled Questions (Videos section of toolkit) https://greatmiddleschools.org/generating-questions • ① B

Higher-Order Questions: A Path to Deeper Learning

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/teaching-higher-order-thinking-skills • **0 B** 

TALA Videos: Generating Questions (Comprehension)

www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/tala-videos-generating-questions-comprehension • **0 B** 

Writing Higher-Order Questions

 $\textbf{https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/developing-better-questions} \bullet \textbf{ 0} \textbf{ B}$ 

### **Print Resources**

Berkelely, S., & Taboada Barber, A. (2015). Maximizing effectiveness of reading comprehension and instruction. Baltimore, MD: Brookes. (see Chapter 5) •  $2 \, \text{M}$ 

Klingner, J., Vaughn, S., Boardman, A., & Swanson, E. (2012). Now we get it: Boosting comprehension with Collaborative Strategic Reading. Indianapolis, IN: Jossey-Bass. (see pages 11–15) • 2 M

### **Differentiated Instruction**

A typical classroom contains students with varying abilities and needs. Teachers need to differentiate instruction and/or materials that do not meet all students' learning needs. Differentiation allows all students to access the information and maximizes learning (Nieves, 2018). Teachers differentiate instruction by presenting the same content or task in different ways and at different levels in a classroom (Irujo, 2005). Many teachers struggle with this process.

### **Online Modules**

### **Online Resources**

Differentiated Instruction for Reading www.ldonline.org/article/22801 • ① B

Differentiated Instruction for Writing www.ldonline.org/article/22263 • ① B

Instructional Strategies: Differentiating Instruction www.ldonline.org/educators/strategies/differentiating • ① B

Integrating a Layered Curriculum to Facilitate Differentiated Instruction <a href="https://www.ascd.org/ascd-express/vol3/324-colding.aspx">www.ascd.org/ascd-express/vol3/324-colding.aspx</a> • **0 B** 

### **Videos**

Differentiating Instruction, 6–12, Part I: Student Choices and Multiple Modes of Learning www.youtube.com/watch?v=akvDT9KFZPw  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

Differentiating Instruction, 6–12, Part II: Tiered Assignments and Flexible Grouping www.youtube.com/watch?v=1ob4eGz04G4 • 0 B

Differentiating With Learning Menus <a href="https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/differentiating-instruction-strategy">https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/differentiating-instruction-strategy</a> • • • • •

I Want to Get Better at ... Differentiation www.teachingchannel.com/blog/differentiation • ① B

### **Print Resources**

Mastropieri, M., & Scruggs, T. (2018). The inclusive classroom: Strategies for effective differentiated instruction. New York: NY: Pearson. • 2 🗈

Tomlinson, C. A., & McTighe, J. (2006). Integrating differentiated instruction & understanding by design: Connecting content and kids. Alexandria, VA: ASCD. • 2 5

# Meeting the Needs of English Language Learners

All students in a classroom have unique academic needs. Students also have widely differing cultures, languages, and background experiences. To support the needs of a diverse student population, including English language learners (ELLs), teachers need to consider the students' English language proficiency and other learning factors when planning for differentiated instruction (Fairbairn & Jones-Vo, 2010).

### **Online Modules**

Teaching English Language Learners: Effective Instructional Practices <a href="https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/ell">https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/ell</a> ● ① ☑

### **Online Resources**

10 Key Policies and Practices for Teaching English Language Learners www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/10-key-policies-and-practices-for-teaching-ells • ① B

Best Practices for ELLs: Peer-Assisted Learning www.readingrockets.org/article/best-practice-ells-peer-assisted-learning • ① B

Best Practices for ELLs: Vocabulary Instruction <a href="https://www.readingrockets.org/article/best-practice-ells-vocabulary-instruction">www.readingrockets.org/article/best-practice-ells-vocabulary-instruction</a> • • • • • •

Colorín Colorado: Guides and Toolkits www.colorincolorado.org/guides-toolkits • ① B

CREATE Project: Resources
www.cal.org/create/resources/index.html • ① B

Differentiated Instruction for English Language Learners www.ldonline.org/article/41025 • ① B

ELL Starter Kit for Educators www.colorincolorado.org/guide/ell-starter-kit-educators • ① 🔇

Response to Intervention in Reading for English Language Learners www.rtinetwork.org/learn/diversity/englishlanguagelearners • ① B

Teaching Academic Content and Literacy to English Learners in Elementary and Middle School <a href="https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/Docs/PracticeGuide/english learners">https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/Docs/PracticeGuide/english learners</a> pg 040114.pdf • 0 B

### **Videos**

Deep Dive: English Language Learners (links to multiple videos)

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/ells • 0 M

English Language Learners: Sheltered Instruction

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/video-vignette/english-language-learners-sheltered-instruction • **0 B** 

How Can I Collaborate With Colleagues to Support ELLs? (links to multiple videos) https://learn.teachingchannel.com/ells/collaborate • 0 B

Janette Klingner: Realizing the Potential of RTI: Considerations When Implementing RTI With English Language Learners

www.rtinetwork.org/professional/videos/podcasts/janette-klingner-realizing-the-potential-of-rticonsiderations-when-implementing-rti-with-english-language-learners • **0 B** 

The Multilingual Classroom

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/multilingual-classroom-teaching • 0 B

What Does Language-Rich, Content-Based Instruction Look Like for ELLs? (links to multiple videos) https://learn.teachingchannel.com/ells/ell-instruction • **0 B** 

### **Print Resources**

Books for Professionals (links to purchase multiple books) www.colorincolorado.org/books-authors/books-professionals • 2 🗈

Fairbairn, S., & Jones-Vo, S. (2010). Differentiating instruction and assessment for English language learners: A guide for K-12 teachers. Philadelphia, PA: Caslon. • 2 🕒

Vaughn, S., & Linan-Thompson, S. (2007). Research-based methods of reading instruction for English language learners. Alexandria, VA: ASCD. • 2 🗈

# **Grouping Practices**

One way to differentiate instruction is to strategically use a variety of grouping practices. For example, teachers may place students in small groups or pairs, and each type of group may have a different purpose and implication for instruction. Careful grouping can help teachers meet the needs of all students in a classroom, including those with disabilities (Mastropieri & Scruggs, 2010).

### **Online Modules**

Examples of Instructional Groupings (section of larger module)

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/srs/cresource/q2/p08/srs 08 link groupexamples • 0 B

Flexible Grouping (section of larger module)

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/ell/cresource/q2/p09/ell\_09\_link\_flexible\_grouping • **0 B** 

Grouping Students (section of larger module)

https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/csr/cresource/q3/p10/#content • 0 B

### **Online Resources**

Classroom Strategies: Paired Reading www.adlit.org/strategies/23354 • ① B

Grouping Students Who Struggle With Reading www.adlit.org/article/203 • **0 B** 

Groupings That Work for Students With Disabilities www.readingrockets.org/article/groupings-work-students-disabilities • **0 B** 

Partner Reading: An Evidence-Based Practice • Teacher's Guide <a href="https://www.meadowscenter.org/files/resources/PartnerReadingBrief\_final.pdf">www.meadowscenter.org/files/resources/PartnerReadingBrief\_final.pdf</a> • **① B** 

Team-Based Learning Collaborative (links to multiple resources) <a href="https://www.teambasedlearning.org">www.teambasedlearning.org</a> • <a href="https://www.teambasedlearning.org">0</a> <a href="https://www.teambasedlearning.org">B</a>

### **Videos**

Choosing Collaborative Groups

 $https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/choosing-collaborative-groups \bullet \ \textbf{0} \ \textbf{B}$ 

Team-Based Learning Knowledge Application <a href="https://vimeo.com/201866773/77745e97b0">https://vimeo.com/201866773/77745e97b0</a> • **0 B** 

Using Expertise to Group Students

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/regrouping-students • **0 B** 

## **Journal Article**

Vaughn, S., Hughes, M. T., Moody, S. W., & Elbaum, B. (2001). Instructional grouping for reading for students with LD: Implications for practice. *Intervention in School and Clinic*, 36(3), 131-137. doi:10.1177/105345120103600301 • 1 B

# **Explicit Instruction**

Explicit instruction is effective for all students, but essential for students with learning challenges (Archer & Hughes, 2011). Explicit instruction includes providing (a) a purpose for learning, (b) clear explanations and demonstrations of the targeted skill or concept, and (c) many opportunities for scaffolded practice with feedback (Archer & Hughes, 2011).

### **Online Modules**

### **Online Resources**

Current Practice Alerts: Explicit Instruction in Mathematics <a href="https://s3.amazonaws.com/cmi-teaching-ld/alerts/27/uploaded\_files/original\_DLD\_Alert23\_rev1.pdf">https://s3.amazonaws.com/cmi-teaching-ld/alerts/27/uploaded\_files/original\_DLD\_Alert23\_rev1.pdf</a>?1438596491 • ① B

Direct, Explicit Comprehension Strategy Instruction www.adlit.org/article/27740 • 0 B

Explicit Instruction (website)

https://explicitinstruction.org • ① B

Recommendations for Improving Adolescent Literacy <a href="https://www.adlit.org/article/27737">www.adlit.org/article/27737</a> • ① B

### **Videos**

I Do, We Do, You Do

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/modeling-strategy-getty ullet oxdot oxdot

High-Leverage Practice 16: Use Explicit Instruction <a href="https://highleveragepractices.org/701-2">https://highleveragepractices.org/701-2</a> • **0 B** 

TALA Videos: Explicit Instruction

www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/tala-videos-explicit-instruction • **0 B** 

### **Print Resource**

Archer, A., & Hughes, C. (2010). Explicit instruction: Effective and efficient teaching. New York, NY: Guilford Press. • 2 🗈

# **Modeling**

It is important to clearly demonstrate, or model, new concepts and skills for students. When modeling, teachers often "think aloud," or make their thought process apparent to students. Thinking aloud supports students' comprehension, including students with learning disabilities (Vaughn, Gersten, & Chard, 2000).

### **Online Module**

### **Online Resources**

Modeling: Essentials for Learning www.edutopia.org/blog/modeling-essential-for-learning-karen-lea • ① 🕥

Think-Alouds www.adlit.org/strategies/22735 • **○ ○** 

### **Video**

TALA Videos: Anticipation-Reaction Guides (Comprehension) www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/tala-videos-anticipation-reaction-guides-comprehension • ① B

# **Immediate, Corrective Feedback**

Strategic feedback can support students acquiring a new skill or concept (Vaughn, Wanzek, Murray, & Roberts, 2012). Feedback from a teacher (or peer) should be timely and corrective so that students can employ the feedback to improve their learning.

### **Online Module**

Model It (section of larger module) https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/srs/cresource/q2/p06 • ① B

### **Online Resources**

Providing Specific Feedback <a href="https://iowareadingresearch.org/providing-specific-feedback">https://iowareadingresearch.org/providing-specific-feedback</a> • • • • •

Using Classroom Data to Give Systematic Feedback to Students to Improve Learning <a href="https://www.apa.org/education/k12/classroom-data">www.apa.org/education/k12/classroom-data</a> • **0 B** 

### **Videos**

High-Leverage Practices 8 and 22: Provide Positive and Constructive Feedback to Guide Students' Learning and Behavior

https://highleveragepractices.org/701-2-3 • 0 B

TALA Videos: Positive and Corrective Feedback www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/tala-videos-explicit-instruction • **0 B** 

### **Print Resources**

Archer, A. L., & Hughes, C. A. (2011). Explicit instruction: Effective and efficient teaching. New York, NY: Guilford Press. (see Chapter 7) • 2 B

Brookhart, S. (2017). How to give effective feedback to your students. Alexandria, VA: ASCD. • 2 🗈

# **Family Resources**

Parent and family involvement can improve students' attendance, educational performance, and emotional well-being (Pate & Andrews, 2006). Parents often ask how they can reinforce what their student is learning and help their student be more successful in school. Teachers can share the class content with families; however, they may not have resources readily available on effective strategies that parents can use to support their student.

### **Online Resources**

How Can I Help My Child With Content Area Reading at Home? Five Key Strategies to Consider <a href="https://www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/how-can-i-help-my-child-with-content-area-reading-at-home">www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/how-can-i-help-my-child-with-content-area-reading-at-home</a> • • • •

Helping Your Child Succeed in School www2.ed.gov/parents/academic/help/succeed/succeed.pdf • ① B

How Can I Help to Improve My Child's Reading Comprehension? Two Useful Strategies for Reading at Home

 $www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/how-can-i-help-to-improve-my-childs-reading-comprehension \bullet \textbf{ 0}$ 

How Do I Engage in Partner Reading With My Child? www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/how-do-i-engage-in-partner-reading-with-my-child • ① B

Is My Adolescent Benefiting From High-Quality Schoolwide and Classroom Behavioral Supports? 5 Key Questions to Ask

www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/is-my-adolescent-benefitting-from-high-quality-schoolwide-and-classroom-beh  $\bullet$   $\odot$   $\bullet$ 

# **Selecting Text**

Content area classrooms use a variety of texts (e.g., textbooks, primary source documents, supplemental texts). Though some of these texts are required by the district, teachers also choose their own texts that align with lesson objectives. Teachers need to consider text complexity, vocabulary, and student reading levels when choosing a text so that all students can access and comprehend the content (Swanson & Wexler, 2017). It can be challenging to select an appropriate text when students have wide-ranging reading levels.

### **Online Resources**

Multiple Texts: Multiple Opportunities for Teaching and Learning <a href="https://www.adlit.org/article/23052">www.adlit.org/article/23052</a> • **0 B** 

Selection of Authentic Texts for Common Core Instruction: Guidance and a List of Resources for Text Selection

www.engageny.org/resource/selection-of-authentic-texts-for-common-core-instruction-guidance-and-a-list-of-resources  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

### **Journal Articles**

Leko, M. M., Mundy, C. A., Kang, H.-J., & Datar, S. D. (2013). If the book fits: Selecting appropriate texts for adolescents with learning disabilities. *Intervention in School and Clinic*, 48(5), 267–275. • **0 B** 

Swanson, E., & Wexler, J. (2017). Selecting appropriate text for adolescents with disabilities. *Teaching Exceptional Children*, 49(3), 160–167. • 2 B

### **Special Topic: Texts Differentiated by Reading Level**

Newsela

https://newsela.com • 0 B

ReadWorks

www.readworks.org • **0 B** 

TweenTribune

www.tweentribune.com • 0 B

# **Student Engagement and Motivation**

To succeed in school, students must be actively engaged and motivated to learn. Teachers can influence their students' motivation to learn by using strategies to increase student engagement (Kamil et al., 2008). However, many teachers struggle to consistently maintain student interest and to plan instruction that is engaging for all.

### **Online Resources**

How Can Instruction Help Adolescent Students With Motivation? <a href="https://www.adlit.org/article/27895">www.adlit.org/article/27895</a> • **0 B** 

Motivating Students

https://cft.vanderbilt.edu/guides-sub-%20pages/motivating-students • 0 B

Motivating Youth With Disabilities to Learn in the Science Classroom: A Guide for Educators <a href="https://www.ncset.org/publications/info/NCSETInfoBrief">www.ncset.org/publications/info/NCSETInfoBrief</a> 3.3.pdf • ① B

Motivation and Engagement www.adlit.org/article/c128 • ① B

Reading Motivation: What the Research Says www.adlit.org/article/29624 • ① B

Student Motivation and Engagement in Literacy Learning www.adlit.org/article/27759 • 0 B

Using Student Engagement to Improve Adolescent Literacy <a href="https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED489536.pdf">https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED489536.pdf</a> • **0 B** 

### **Videos**

Anita Archer: Active Participation Instruction, Seventh Grade

https://vimeo.com/6771095 • **0 B** 

Body Language: Engage and Motivate

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/engage-motivate-students ullet oxdot oxdot

High-Leverage Practice 18: Use Strategies to Promote Active Student Engagement

https://highleveragepractices.org/701-2-5  $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

Making Science Engaging

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/making-science-engaging ullet oxdot oxdot

Time's Up! Effective Use of Instructional Time

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/effectively-manage-instruction-time • **0 B** 

### **Print Resources**

Guthrie, J. T. & Wigfield, A. (2000). *Engagement and motivation in reading*. In M Kamil, P. Mosenthal, P. Pearson, & R. Barr (Eds.), Handbook of reading research (Vol. 3, pp. 403–424). New York, NY: Longman. • **2 E** 

Mastropieri, M. A., & Scruggs, T. E. (2010). *The inclusive classroom: Strategies for effective differentiated instruction*. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Education. (see Chapter 9) • **2 B** 

Wexler, J., & Pyle, N. (2013). Effective approaches to increase student engagement. In C. Franklin, M. Harris, & P. Allen-Meares (Eds.), *The school services sourcebook* (2nd ed., pp. 381–394). New York, NY: Oxford University Press. • 2 M

# **Supporting Students' Writing**

Writing and composing text is a difficult task for many students, but one that is required in secondary classrooms. Nationally, only 27% of eighth-grade students are at or above the proficient level in writing (National Center for Education Statistics, 2017). Because so many students struggle with writing, teachers often need additional resources to support their students.

### **Online Module**

Improving Writing Performance: A Strategy for Writing Persuasive Essays <a href="https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/pow">https://iris.peabody.vanderbilt.edu/module/pow</a>  $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

### **Online Resources**

Effective Practices for Written Instruction

http://s3.amazonaws.com/cmi-teaching-ld/assets/attachments/187/DLD\_HotSheet5.pdf?1405330219 lacktriangle

Evidence-Based Practices for Writing Instruction <a href="http://ceedar.education.ufl.edu/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/IC-5">http://ceedar.education.ufl.edu/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/IC-5</a> FINAL 08-31-14.pdf • ① W

Teacher Tools Related to Writing <a href="https://www.specialconnections.ku.edu/?q=instruction/writing/teacher\_tools">www.specialconnections.ku.edu/?q=instruction/writing/teacher\_tools</a> • ① **B** 

Teaching Writing to Diverse Student Populations <a href="https://www.adlit.org/article/22323">www.adlit.org/article/22323</a> • **0 B** 

Writing Throughout the Content Areas (toolkit)

https://greatmiddleschools.org/toolkits/writing • ① W

### **Videos**

Getting Ready to Write: Citing Textual Evidence

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/teaching-about-textual-evidence • **0 B** 

How Do I Promote Writing in Any Content Area That I Teach?

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/ells/promote-writing • **0 B** 

TALA Videos: Summarization

www.meadowscenter.org/library/resource/tala-videos-summarization • **0 B** 

Using Sentence Frames to Jumpstart Writing

https://learn.teachingchannel.com/video/jumpstart-student-writing • **0 B** 

### **Print Resources**

Graham, S., Harris, K., & Mason, L. (2008). Powerful writing strategies for all students. Baltimore, MD: Brookes. • 2 🗈

Graham, S., MacArthur, C., & Fitzgerald, J. (2007). *Best practices in writing instruction*. New York, NY: Guilford Press. • 2 🗈

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